ANNUAL REPORT

August 2014





YPSA (Young Power in Social Action)





House# F 10 (P), Road # 13, Block- B Chandgaon R/A, Chittagong - 4212 Bangladesh

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FOREWARD

We are very glad to admit that considering environment this year we are not printing this whole report to have low $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

paper consumption and hence, this will be continuing in future too. The year 2013-2014 is another successful year

of YPSA when it's celebrating its 30th years. This year YPSA received special consultative status of United Nations

Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC). Consultative status for an organization enables it to actively engage with

ECOSOC and its subsidiary bodies, as well as with the United Nations Secretariat, programs, funds and agencies.

YPSA (Young Power in Social Action) is a social development organization of Bangladesh started in 1985. It aims to

promote sustainable development through a holistic approach. YPSA implementing various development programs

as per the community needs. YPSA is one of the organizations who believes and has proved that working with the

people rather than working for the people is essential for sustainable development.

Since its inception YPSA is working to bring an effective and positive change is its working area which is the greater

Chittagong. The dynamic and innovative attitude of our young led team is the core strength of the organization

development and its contribution to the society. YPSA is very much committed to work with Excellencies, sincerity,

transparency and accountability which helped us to gain the recognition from grass root level to the international

level.

YPSA is greatly indebted to our donors, partner organizations, local and international volunteers, well-wishers,

beneficiaries and community people for their cooperation. It is also grateful to the General Body, Executive

Committee and all staff for their contribution toward the vision of organization. This annual report gives the reader

a good overview of all the running programs and projects of YPSA during the period of 2013-'14. We are also

gratitude to the relevant staff of YPSA who have contributed to this report.

Special thanks go to the team member of YPSA Knowledge Management for Development (KM4D) Division,

responsible for the compiling and polishing of the annual report, for their outstanding work to make this report

reader friendly.

(Md. Arifur Rahman)

Chief Executive

YPSA

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Organizational Background

The youth community comprises of half the world's population. With the view of creating worldwide awareness about the youth community and to ensure youth participation in the development arena, the UN General Assembly on 3rd November 1978, according to its resolution no. 33/7, declared the years 1981-90 as Youth Decade and 1985 as International Youth Year. Being inspired by sprit of International Youth Year some socially conscious youths of Sitakund Upazilla under Chittagong District of Bangladesh began to motivate and organize the youth community to establish a development organization. In this way on **20th May 1985** by active initiation of the socially conscious youth, a social development organization called **YPSA** (Young Power in **S**ocial **A**ction) began its course of participation in the development process.

Legal Status

YPSA is a voluntary, nonprofit, social development organization registered with the different department of the People's Republic of Bangladesh including NGO Affairs Bureau, Department of Social Welfare, Department of Youth Development, Health & Family Welfare, Copyright office, Register of Joint Stock Companies and Firms and Micro Credit Regulatory Authority.

Vision

YPSA envisions a society without poverty where everyone's basic needs and rights are ensured.

Mission

YPSA exists to participate with the poor and vulnerable population with a commitment to bring about their own and society's sustainable development.

Core Values

- Patriotism and commitment to national interest, sovereignty and national pride
- Justice, transparency and accountability
- Mutual respect and gender friendliness
- Quality and excellence
- Humility and confidence
- Respect for diversity
- Support for environment and ecology

Organizational Culture

- Family friendliness
- Being responsible and accountable
- Cost-effectiveness and cost-efficiency
- Constructive criticism and promotion of organizational profile
- Healthy recreation

Governance System

Three bodies govern the activities of YPSA i.e. the General Council (GC), the Executive Committee (EC), and the Advisory Council (AC). The General Council consists of 57 members while the Executive Committee is of 7 members. According to the constitution of YPSA the General Council is the supreme authority of the organization.

The Executive Committee represents the second line of command for formulates the strategic directions and principles of the organization.

The General Council elects the Executive Committee for a period of 2 years. Generally the Executive Committee members sit with the General Committee members once a year during the Annual General Meeting (AGM). The AGM is held regularly. The EC meeting is held regularly around six times in a year. The EC members meet with the senior staff through Social Development Coordination Meeting (SDCM) on a quarterly basis.

The General Secretary prepares the documents on different need based organizational policy, strategic issues, plans, budget and reports etc. in consultation with the staff for submission to the Executive Committee and General Council . The EC members finalize and approve the policies, plans, budget and reports. EC examine the operations and implementation policies of the organization as well as monitoring the program activities.

Geographical Coverage

At present YPSA's direct program interventions reach in Greater Chittagong Division (including Chittagong Hill Tracts) and Dhaka District. Besides, YPSA doing country-wide and regional campaigning through its advocacy initiatives and joint program with grassroots NGOs through its Networking & Strategic Linkage Unit.

YPSA divisions

As per structure of organization there are five divisions of YPSA;

Social Development Program division: All the social development interventions has been implementing under this Division. Under this division there is Networking and Strategic Linkage Unit, which is responsible for maintaining communication and strategic relationship with Govt., Non-Govt. Organizations, Civil Society Organizations and support to different program of YPSA accordingly.

Economic Development Division: All economic development related programs like Micro Finance, Micro Enterprise, Micro Insurance, Social Business enterprise has been implementing under the division.

Finance Division: Finance division is responsible for dealing with all finance related matters including financial forecasting & analysis, Financial Control and Risk Management.

HRM &D and Admin Division: Human Resource Management & Development and Admin division is responsible for staff recruitment, staff evaluation, staff management and take initiative for staff capacity development & coordinate admin related issues.

Knowledge Management for Development (KM4D) Division: The Knowledge Management for Development division comprises of research, monitoring & evaluation, documentation & publication and program development.

Development Program Theme of YPSA

1. Health 2. Economic Development 3. Human Rights 4. Education 5. Disaster Risk Reduction & Emergency Management 6. Environment And Bio Diversity 7. Knowledge and Capacity Development

YPSA Logo Explanation



There are four distinct parts in the logo of YPSA. In the center there is **a woman**, **a man and a child** representing different parts of the population, gender equality and the co-existence of generations. They are **holding hands** with each other symbolizing organized strength, mutual cooperation, the relationships between different parts of the community, unity, and networking. It also symbolizes a planned family.

The *sun and its rays* indicate unified and integrated work, and the interim results towards achieving YPSA's goals. YPSA emerged as a social force through united and integrated efforts to eliminate injustice and oppression in the society. Social problems reduced through planned and collaborative efforts is symbolized by the *white portion after the ray of the sun*. This part also stands for optimism.

The *dark parts* of the logo indicate current social injustice and oppression. One part stands for the problems created at the local level while the other for the problems created by the policies and activities at national and international levels affecting people's life, livelihoods and society.

YPSA's position is in the white part of the logo where its blue color symbolizes depth and sublimity. In every sphere, the organization positions itself on the basis of in-depth observation, participation and sustainability.

Time line of YPSA

| 1985 | "Young Power"- A Youth Led and Youth Managed Club Established on 20 th May 1985 (UN International | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| | Youth Year) at Sitakund under Chittagong District of Bangladesh Youth and Anti Drug – Anti Smoking Programs | | | |
| | Youth and Anti Drug – Anti Smoking Programs | | | |
| 1986 | Youth and Cultural Programs | | | |
| 1987 | Youth and Sports Programs | | | |
| 1988 | Youth and Tree Plantation Programs | | | |
| 1989 | Registered with Bangladesh Government as voluntary , non profit , non political organization | | | |
| 1990 | Start short-term welfare activities with and for Youth and disadvantaged community | | | |
| 1991 | Emergency Relief and Rehabilitation Activities after the Devastating Cyclone of 29 th April | | | |
| 1992 | "Young Power" transformed into "Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)" as social development organization | | | |
| 1993 | Transition to long-term development Program based on community needs and vulnerabilities Start Sustainable group formation and Capacity development of target peoples and community Start Participatory Savings & Credit Program (PSCP) for Economic Development of community | | | |
| 1994 | Non-Formal Primary Education Project Started | | | |
| 1995 | Maternal, Child Health Care & Family Planning (MCH & FP) Project | | | |
| | NGO Home Gardening and Nutrition Surveillance (NGNSP) Project | | | |
| | Registered with NGO Affairs Bureau of Bangladesh Government (Foreign Donation) | | | |
| 1996 | STD/AIDS Prevention Program Started: Youth and Lower cast community | | | |
| 1997 | Emergency Relief operation in Cyclone affected Coastal areas and Islands Finalization of YPSA 1 st Strategic Plan (1997-2001) | | | |
| 1998 | YPSA represented in UN World Youth Forum & Festival in Portugal | | | |
| | Urban Development Program (UDP) starts in slum areas of Chittagong. City Established formal school EVERGREEN International School (EIS) | | | |
| 1999 | Strengthen Health and Population for Less Advantaged Program(SHAPLA) | | | |
| | Community Based Rehabilitation for Person with Disabilities (CBR for PWD's) | | | |
| | Established YPSA Human Resource Development Centre HRDC - Sitakund Campus | | | |
| 2000 | YPSA awarded International Youth Peace Prize IYPP 1999 | | | |
| | Head Office set up in Chittagong (Commercial capital of the Bangladesh) | | | |

| | Char Development and Settlement Project (CDSP) started | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| | Long term development partner of Action Aid Bangladesh (DA 12) | | | |
| 2001 | YPSA represented in Global Forum of International Year of Voluntarism in Switzerland Inauguration of YPSA-Centre for Youth and Development CYD by Global president of International Association of Voluntary Effort IAVE Dr. Kenn Allen Full Membership of INFOYOUTH Network (UNESCO - INJEP) France Finalization of YPSA 2 nd Strategic Plan (2002-2007) Integration of Right Based Approach RBA as core organizational programmatic approach Women Empowerment through Decent Employment (WEDE) Project STD/AIDS Prevention Program with floating and street-based sex workers of Chittagong City Corporation | | | |
| | area | | | |
| 2003 | Youth led Poverty Reduction through Digital Opportunities (YPRDO) Project | | | |
| | Advocacy for Public Policy for Ensuring Human Rights in Ship breaking Industry Project | | | |
| | Reproductive Health Initiative for Youth in Asia (RHIYA) Project | | | |
| | Broad-based Coalition and Advocacy for Human Rights (BCAHR) Project | | | |
| | Micro Health Insurance for Rural Poor Women in Bangladesh (MHIB) Project | | | |
| | Established YPSA Human Resource Development Centre HRDC - Chittagong Campus | | | |
| 2004 | Establishing Partnership for Disaster Preparedness (PPDP) Project (DiPECHO- II) | | | |
| | Gender Awareness and action for Grassroots Enterprises (GAAGE) Project | | | |
| | HIV/AIDS Prevention Project: Drug User Intervention | | | |
| | Program Office set up in Chittagong Hill Tracts CHT | | | |
| | YPSA official website <u>www.ypsa.org</u> | | | |
| 2005 | Digital Accessible Information System (DAISY) For All (DFA) | | | |
| | Established ICT & Resource Center on Disabilities (IRCD) | | | |
| | Bangladesh Childhood Cataract Campaign in Chittagong division (BCCC) | | | |
| | Established Youth Community Multimedia Center (YCMC) | | | |
| | Prevention of HIV/AIDS among young people in Bangladesh (GFATM Package # 902) | | | |
| | Working area and program coverage extended to greater Chittagong division | | | |
| | Established YPSA Dhaka Office as National Advocacy and Networking office (Main Capital City of the | | | |
| | Bangladesh) | | | |
| | YPSA website on Ship breaking issues <u>www.shipbreakingbd.info</u> | | | |
| 2006 | Partnership with Palli Karma Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) | | | |
| _000 | Micro Enterprise Savings-Credit Program (MES-C) | | | |
| | Reducing Risk of the Vulnerable Communities to Flood and Earthquake Project (DiPECHO- III) | | | |
| | Campaign to End Domestic Violence (CEDV) Program | | | |
| | Capacity Building for Ensuring Safe Labour Migration (CABSLAM) Project | | | |
| 2007 | Partnership of the South Asia Civil Society Development Initiative (CSDI) Project | | | |
| | Global Exchange GX Program (with British Council, VSO-Bangladesh and Nagorik Uddog) | | | |
| Ę | | | | |

| | Prevention and Protection of Victims of Human Trafficking in Bangladesh (PPVHTB) Project | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| | Promoting Rights for Persons with Disabilities (PRPD) Project | | | |
| | Mobilizing Communities for Disaster Risk Reduction Project (DIPECHO-IV) | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2008 | Strengthening Adolescent Reproductive Health in Bangladesh (SARH) Project | | | |
| | Self Employment by Promoting Income generation to Youth (PAP CHT) Project | | | |
| | Community Based Child Development (ComBaCD) Project | | | |
| | Primary Prevention of HIV & Risk Reduction through Work- place Interventions in Garments Industries in | | | |
| | the Chittagong Division (GFATM Package # 912) | | | |
| | GFATM Round-6 (Malaria Component) Project | | | |
| | Women Entrepreneurs through Skill Development Project | | | |
| | Strengthening Capacity of NGO's to better perform in Disaster Management project | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Finalization of YPSA 3 rd Strategic Plan and Business Plan (2008-2013) | | | |
| | Established YPSA Human Resource Development Centre HRDC - Kawkhali Campus | | | |
| | Registered with Micro Credit Regulatory Authority of Bangladesh Government to work as Micro Finance | | | |
| | institute | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2009 | Community Managed Local Health Services & Water Sanitation Project in South East Bangladesh | | | |
| | Promoting Smoke free local Government & public spaces in Chittagong Division Program | | | |
| | Post Literacy and Continuing Education for Human Development Project-2 (PLCEHD-2) | | | |
| | Restoration and conservation of biodiversity in the denuded hills in Sitakunda and Mirsharai, Chittagong | | | |
| | Disaster Preparedness by Ensuring Water and Sanitation Facilities in Relief Shelters | | | |
| | Enhanced Disaster Preparedness among Communities and institutions in Bangladesh (DIPECHO-V) | | | |
| | Project on Promoting basic services to survivors in trafficking through integrated approach | | | |
| | Holistic Program for Sustainable and Environment Balanced and Safer Ship Recycling in Bangladesh | | | |
| | (SEBSSR) | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2010 | Safer life of Girl Domestic Workers Project | | | |
| | Promoting pro-poor policy programs and public services for all | | | |
| | GFATM- Round-8 (TB- Control program) | | | |
| | Promoting Human Rights persons with Disabilities through UNCRPD | | | |
| | YPSA received National e-Content and ICT4D champion Award 2010 for DAISY (Digital Accessible | | | |
| | Information System) for all in Social Inclusion and participation categories. YPSA also awarded Special | | | |
| | Mention award For Ship Breaking in Bangladesh web portal (www.shipbreakingbd.info) under e- | | | |
| | enterprise and livelihood categories from D.Net in association with Ministry of Science and ICT, | | | |
| | Government of Peoples' Republic of Bangladesh. | | | |
| | Covernment of recipies Republic of Bungladesh. | | | |
| 2011 | Make Community based Disaster Risk Management inclusive South Asia (CBDRM) | | | |
| _011 | Community Radio for building awareness on early warning system and climate change and health issues | | | |
| | for the coastal population | | | |
| | ior the coastar population | | | |
| 2012 | Unique Interventions for Quality Primary Education-UNIQUE II Project | | | |
| 2012 | | | | |
| | Construction of Youth Training Center (YTC) in Cox'sbazar under GGHSP of Japan | | | |
| | Bangladesh Housing, Land and Property (HLP) Rights Initiative | | | |
| | HIV/AIDS Prevention Services for Street Based Sex Workers and their Clients (Package SP-2) | | | |

2013

Mainstreaming the Children of Street Based Sex Workers (CSBSW) through Integrated Education Programs

Climate Change Adaptation by ensuring Water and Sanitation facilities in Cyclone

Empowering Youth with Disabilities through Market Driven ICT Skills

YPSA awarded special consultative status of UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)

Livelihood Support Program for landless Forest dependent community in Mirsarai Upzilla

Leadership Development Program (LDP)

Climate Resilient Participatory Afforestation and Reforestation project (CRPARP)

Trusted Intermediary Global Accessible Resources (TIGER)

Production of Multi Media Digital Talking Book (Access to Information 2)

Labor Voices SmartLine Implementation

Interventions for Hotel, Street and Residence based Female Sex Worker (Link up Package #02)

Donors & Development Partners

• Bangladesh Government • PKSF • DFID (BPHC/PHD) • UNESCO • ILO • CARE • Family Health International-FHI • USAID • Health and Social Action Bangladesh (HASAB) • GFATM • UNFPA • UNDP • VSO • The Netherlands Embassy • Action Aid Bangladesh • CIDA • JOBS-USAID • Manusher Jonno Foundation (MJF) • Oxfam • BRAC • PROSHIKA • Save the Children • CONCERN • GTZ/GFA • HOPE'87 • SAP/IAE • Basic Bank • Sight Saver International (SSI) • NIPPON foundation, Japan • DAISY Consortium, Switzerland • PATH Canada & BATA • WBB Trust • Refugee and Migratory Movements Research Unit (RMMRU) • Concern Universal • IOM •Bangladesh NGO Foundation • SONNE International • PLAN Bangladesh • Tobacco Free Kids TFK • Asian Development Bank (ADB) • Arannayk Foundation • Irish Aid • WINROCK International • DEG of Cologne, Germany • SHAPLA NEER • Oxfam-Novib • Handicap International • Dhaka Ahsania Mission • European Union (EU) • European Commission (EC) • Japan Embassy • Displacement Solutions • NASP/World Bank • HSBC Future First Security Fund • Coca Cola • Every Drop Matters • Microsoft • Sarvodaya-Fusion • BSRM Foundation • Counterpart International • Labor Voices • Prime Minister's Office/A2I • World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) • UK AID /Maxwell Stamp PLC

National and International Networking

National

• Action against Trafficking and Sexual Exploitation of Children (ATSEC), Bangladesh ● Association of Development Agencies in Bangladesh (ADAB) ● Bangladesh Anti Tobacco Alliance (BATA) ● Bangladesh NGOs Network for Radio and Communication (BNNRC) ● Bangladesh Shishu Adhikar Forum (BSAF) ● Center for Disability in Development (CDD) ● Coastal Fisher folk Community Network (COFCON) ● Coordination Council for Human Rights (CCHRB) ● Credit and Development Forum (CDF) ● Campaign for Good Governance (SUPRO) ● Fair Election Monitoring Alliance (FEMA) ● Society for Participatory Education and Development (SPED) ● Forum for Regenerative Agriculture Movement (FORAM) ● National Forum of Organizations Working with Disabilities (NFOWD) ● National STD/AIDS network of Bangladesh ● NGO Forum for Public Health ● Voluntary Health Services Society (VHSS) ● Bio-diversity Research Group of Bangladesh (BRGB) ● Coalition for Urban Poor (CUP) ● Chittagong Society for the Disabled (CSD) ● ECOTA Fair Trade Ltd ● NGO Coordination Council for Climate Change (NC4) ● Network for Information, Response And Preparedness Activities on Disaster (NIRAPAD) ● Community Managed Disaster Risk Reduction (CMDRR) Forum, Bangladesh ● Civil Society Alliance of Scaling Up Nutrition in Bangladesh (CSA for SUN) ● Bangladesh Urban Forum (BUF) ● Bangladesh Community Radio Association (BCRA) ● Women & Child Protection Network (WCPN), Cox's Bazar.

International

• UN- ECOSOC • United Nations Department of Public Information (DPI), United Nations • FAO Rural Youth and Food Security Global Network, Italy • INFOYOUTH Network, UNESCO-INJEP, France • International Association for Volunteer Effort (IAVE), USA • International Disability and Human Rights Network (IDHRN), UK • International Youth Cooperation (IYOCO), Netherlands • The United Nations Office for Drug Control and Crime Prevention (UNDCCP), Austria •The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), Germany • The United Nations Youth Unit (UNYU), USA • Voluntary Work Information Service (VWIS), Switzerland • Youth for Habitat International Network (YFHIN), Turkey • IKKI IKKI ASIA, Japan • Horizon Cosmopolite, Canada • AYAD • IJGD- German • International Youth Cooperation (IYOCO), The Netherlands • NGO Platform on ship breaking, Belgium •International Federation for Human Rights (FIDH) • World Association of NGO (WANGO) • Global Youth Action Network (GYAN) • World Toilet Organization (WTO) • IOGT International.

Network Secretariat Support

- > PROYOUTH Network Bangladesh-a Nationwide network on youth and development issues
- ➤ NGO Alliance of Chittagong (NAC)
- > Enterprise Development Forum Chittagong (EDFC)
- ➤ HIV/AIDS Prevention Coordination Committee Chittagong
- > SUPRO, Chittagong
- > Coalition for the Urban Poor (CUP)









Theme: Health









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Projects/programs under the Health Theme are described as follows;

HIV/AIDS Prevention Services for Street Based Sex Workers and their clients, Package # SP -2

Donor: World Bank through National AIDS STD Programme, Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh.

Background: HIV/AIDS Prevention Services for Street Based Sex Workers and their clients project, supported by National AIDS STD Programme of Bangladesh under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare of Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh and funded by World Bank. This project has been implementing by YPSA Consortium since November 2012, where Light House (LH), Nari Unnoyan Shakti (NUS) working as consortium partners as Young Power in Social action (YPSA) as lead.

Implementing Organization: YPSA Consortium [YPSA as lead and Nari Unnayan Shakti (NUS) and Light House as partners]

Goal: To prevent HIV and STIs among the street based sex workers and their clients

Specific Objective:

- To increase knowledge safer sexual behavior of Street Based Sex workers and their clients
- To Provide basic services to the target population on STI/SRH including Psycho-social and HIV counselling
- To empower sex workers to run self help groups by their own initiatives.

Duration: November 2012 to November 2015

Working Area: Cox's Bazar, Dhaka, Jessore, Rajshahi and Dinajpur District

Target Population: 1500 Street Based Sex workers and 50,000 clients

Major Activities:

- 1. Mapping/identification of target population
- 2. Diagnosis & treatment of STI, Sexual health check-up sessions
- 3. Treatment for General Ailment and Referral Service
- 4. BCC Session on HIV-AIDS and STI, Condom Promotion, Counseling Session
- 5. Referral for HIV Voluntary Counseling and Testing (VCT)
- 6. Recreational, Bathing and Drinking Facilities
- 7. Human Rights and Life Skill Including Basic Education
- 8. Formation of Self Help Groups
- 9. Advocacy with Target Community and their Associated Stakeholders
- 10. Formation of Project Facilitation Committee
- 11. Peer based Outreach Activities: Coordination Meeting and Review Meeting & Establishment of Network with other GO/NGO Bodies
- 12. Observation of World AIDS Day and Other Days & Events

Target & Achievement:

| Target(13-14) | Achievement(13-14) | Cumulative Achievement |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| STI Treatment provided | 4507 | 4507 |
| VCT Tested | 618 | 618 |

| General Health Checkup | 3094 | 3094 | |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--|
| Sexual Health Check up | 750 | 750 | |
| Condom distribution | 924561 | 924561 | |
| Advocacy Meeting | 172 | 172 | |
| Day Observation | 5 | 5 | |
| One to One Session | 86122 | 86122 | |

Next Year Plan:

| SL# | Activities | Target |
|-----|------------------------|--------|
| 01 | STI Treatment | 4500 |
| 02 | VCT Tested | 650 |
| 03 | General Health Checkup | 1500 |
| 04 | Sexual Health Check up | 1500 |
| 05 | Condom distribution | 153300 |
| 06 | Advocacy Meeting | 120 |
| 07 | Day Observation | 6 |

Global fund to fight AIDS, TB and Malaria (GFATM) in Bangladesh (Malaria Control Program)

Donor: GFATM through BRAC as Principle Recipient

Background: According to the World Health Organization, World Malaria Report 2009, a total of 50.6 million people are at risk of Malaria, and more than 95% of all Malaria cases are reported from the 13 highly endemic districts of Bangladesh, affecting 11 million people. National Malaria Control Program under the Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS) is responsible for malaria control activities of Bangladesh. Bangladesh secured Round-6 GFATM grant and is currently implementing the planned activities focused on early diagnosis of uncomplicated P. falciparum malaria by introducing RDT with improved microscopy and introducing treatment with ACT and prevention by promoting use of ITNs/LLINs (Long Lasting Insecticide Treated Net). BRAC led NGO consortium (comprised of 21 NGOs) is implementing the community based activities in partnership with GoB.

Goal: To reduce 60% burden of Malaria in 10.9 million populations in 13 high endemic districts of Bangladesh by the year 2015 (comparative between 2008).

Specific Objective:

- To provide quality diagnosis and effective treatment to 90% of the malaria cases in 13 high endemic districts;
- To promote use of ITN / LLIN's in 80% 90% of the households in 13 high endemic districts for containment of outbreaks;
- Strengthen programme management capacity and coordination and partnership in malaria.

Duration: May 01, 2008 to June 30, 2015.

Working Area: Rangunia, Chittagong.

Target Population covered: 381,744

Major Achievement in July'13-June'14)

| SL No. | Particulars | Achievement (July'13-June'14) |
|--------|---|----------------------------------|
| 01 | Number of blood slides taken | 2019 |
| 02 | Number Microscopy positive | 4 |
| 03 | Number of RDT Taken | 307 |
| 04 | Number of RDT positive | 11 |
| 05 | Total Number of Test (Microscopy + RDT) | 2326 |
| 06 | Total Number of Positive (Microscopy + RDT) | 15 |
| 07 | Number of LLIN's distribution | 16000 |
| 80 | Number of bed nets treated (ITN) | 0 |
| 09 | Number bed nets Re-treated (ITN) | 0 |
| 10 | Number of advocacy Workshop | 1 |
| 11 | Orientation session on BCC | 4 |
| 12 | Number of Popular theatre | 2 |
| 13 | Number of Folk Song | 2 |
| 14 | World Malaria Day Observe | 1 |
| 15 | Village Doctors orientation | 2 |
| 16 | Malaria Signboard Installation | 15 |
| 17 | Monthly Meeting | 12 |

Next Year Plan:

- 1. Universal Coverage of Households with LLINs
- 2. 100% coverage of Patients for access to diagnosis and treatment
- 3. Improved diseases and vector surveillance
- 4. Early warnings system for detection and containment of epidemic
- 5. Ensuring pre-referral treatment and referral support for severe malaria patient

YPSA-GFATM TB Control Program (Round-10)

Donor: GFATM through BRAC as a Principle Recipient

Background: The Government of Bangladesh, together with diverse partners from the public & private sectors, is committed to further strengthen the TB control program. It has adopted the stop TB strategy in 2006 aiming strengthening quality DOTS, addressing MDR-TB & TB-HIV, engaging all care providers, strengthening health systems, empowering people and the community and undertaking operational research. This was initiated with a view of sustaining the achievements of the past years and reaching the TB control targets linked to the Millennium development Goals (MDGs)

Goal: To reduce morbidity, mortality and transmission of TB until it is no longer a public heal Problem

Specific Objective:

• To sustain the global targets of achieving at least 70% case detections and 85% treatment success among smear-positive TB cases under DOTS for the country as a whole.

 Reach the interim targets of halving the TB death and TB prevalence rates by 2010 towards achieving a reduction of incidence of TB as stated under the MDGs by 2015.

Duration: July, 2010 to June'2015

Working Area: Chittagong City Corporation

Target Population covered: 9008

Major Activities:

- **1.** Data collection from CDC, CMCH, General Hospital, USTC, Ma o shishu general hospital, Al- amin hospital, Hospital, Modhumita Centre.
- 2. Conduct orientation for Graduate PPs in City Corporation.
- 3. Conduct orientation workshops for factory workers of the garments within City Corporation.
- 4. Conduct orientation for non-graduate PPs of City Corporation.
- **5.** Providing social support to the TB patients & suspects.

Major Achievement:

| Activities | Achievement ('13-'14) | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Conduct 12 (Twelve) Orientation for Graduate PPs on TB | 12 | 29 |
| Conduct 04 (Four) Orientation for Non- graduate PPs on TB | 04 | 21 |
| Conduct 10 (Ten) Orientation with Small Private Hospitals and Clinics | 10 | 26 |
| Conduct 16 (Sixteen) Orientation Workshops for Factory Workers | 16 47 | |
| Provided social support to TB suspects till to. | 3, 45,731/= | |

Next Year Plan:

- Arrange more orientations with the Graduate, non Graduate doctors and factory workers within the working area to achieve the specific objectives.
- To provide monetary support to the TB suspects and patients for accurate diagnosis and detection.
- Ensure proper facilities to diagnose different types of TB within reachable area.

Intervention for Hotel, Street and Residence based Female Sex Worker (YPSA – Link Up Project)

Donor: BUZA (Dutch Government) through HASAB Link Up Consortium

Background: Link up is the multinational (Bangladesh, Myanmar, Ethiopia, Uganda and Burundi) program which is funding by Dutch (Netherland) Foreign Ministry-BUZA. Link up has been implementing in Bangladesh by a consortium comprising HASAB-linking organization of The International HIV/AIDS Alliance (IHAA)-the lead organization, Marie Stopes Bangladesh (MSB) and Population Council (PC). By "linking up we will make a significant contribution to the integration of vital SRHR interventions and will generate important evidence to aid the broader

SRHR/HIV integration movement. Link Up will bring SRHR interventions to existing community based HIV programmes and create linkages with public and private SRH providers. Link Up has been designed to provide young people with age appropriate information and services to ensure comprehensive sexuality education and targeted commodities and services. It also capitalizes on established investments in the HIV response by linking SRHR programming to existing HIV programming and structures. As a member of HASAB consortium Young Power in Social Action (YPSA) has been implementing Link up Project (Package # 2.2) in Chittagong Division.

Goal: The goal is to contribute to reduce unintended pregnancies, HIV transmission and HIV-related maternal mortality amongst young people affected by HIV (aged 10-24).

Specific Objective: To increase health-seeking behaviors and uptake of quality integrated maternal health, family planning and HIV information, services and commodities amongst young people affected by HIV and uphold their sexual and reproductive rights in generalized epidemics in Bangladesh.

Duration: January, 2013 to June, 2016

Working Area: Chittagong, Cox's bazaar, Rangamati, Feni, Comilla, Khagrachari, Lakshmipur District

Target population: 6,000 Sex Workers

Major Activities

- Mother list preparation of existing hotel, street and residence based sex workers
- Participate in Master Trainer Training on Life Skill Education on SRHR, HIV and Family Planning Promotion
- Simultaneous Training of peer educators on Life Skill Education on SRHR, HIV and Family Planning Promotion
- Group meeting session to KP by Peer Educators and one to one session-IPC
- Organizing target specific Local level campaigns and Sensitization workshop Local level
- Identify and list referral service centers in the catchment areas
- Ensure referral linkage for SRHR with other organizations
- Refer Targeted Beneficiaries using prescribe referral format (Overall Service)
- Select case studies registered with CBOs, KP and advocacy networks
- Identify and compile a list of existing youth advocates and representatives

Major Achievement (2013-'14):

| | Achievement (13-14) | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning |
|---|---|---|---|
| • | 1500 Key Population enlisted. | • | 1500 Key Population enlisted. |
| • | 02 Master trainer training participated | • | 02 Master trainer training participated |
| • | 02 Advocacy meeting organized | • | 02 Advocacy meeting organized |
| • | 1336 Targeted key Population disseminate through | • | 1336 Targeted key Population disseminate |
| | Group Meeting | | through Group Meeting |
| • | 1336 Targeted key Population disseminate through | • | 1336 Targeted key Population disseminate |
| | One to One Session | | through One to One Session |
| • | Observed local level campaign (International | • | Observed local level campaign (International |
| | Women Day'14) | | Women Day'14) |
| • | 07 youth forum formed | • | 07 youth forum formed |
| • | 458 Targeted Beneficiaries using prescribe referral | • | 458 Targeted Beneficiaries using prescribe |
| | format | | referral format |
| • | 07 service center ensure referral linkage for SRHR | • | 07 service center ensure referral linkage for |
| • | 05 Organize Monthly Review Meeting | | SRHR |
| | | • | 05 Organize Monthly Review Meeting |

HIV, AIDS Prevention Program (Modhumita)

Donor: USAID through Family Health International (fhi 360)

Goal: HIV and STI prevention targeted to street-based sex workers.

Specific Objective:

- Create a supportive environment for HIV and STI prevention through social mobilization.
- Increase competency of project staff on project management and behavior change.
- Promote risk elimination and risk reduction practices among street-based female sex workers and their clients through outreach activities and integrated health centers.
- Provide quality sexual and reproductive health services including STI management and family planning information and referral.
- Create a structured Quality Assurance and Quality Improvement (QA/QI) system.
- Provide high quality HIV counseling and testing (CT) services.
- Create awareness for TB diagnosis and directly observed treatment services among IHC clients.
- Strengthen referral networks of their services for their clients.
- Increase knowledge, skills and access to products for correct and consistent use of condoms in high risk sexual encounters.
- Improve Medical waste Management.

Duration: January 2002 to July 2014

Working Area: Chittagong City corporation area

Target Population covered: 48,800 street-based sex workers and their clients

Major Activities:

■ Advocacy Meetings ■ Formation of Project Facilitation Team (PFT) ■ Gatekeepers Meeting ■ Reproductive Health Issues with Students ■ Day observation ■ Basic and in-house training for peer educators and project staff ■ Conduct financial & institutional training sessions ■ Outreach activities by peer educators ■ Monitoring and follow up of outreach work ■ Basic literacy for sex workers ■ Group Meetings & One-to-One Contact ■ Condom & Lubricant distribution and promotion ■ Awareness meetings with clients and ABC messages ■ Provide comfortable environment for SBP ■ Strengthen capacity of STI services by referring staff to: *Operational Guidelines for Targeted STI services* ■ Improve access to STI clinic by consulting target population ■ STI diagnosis, treatment & counselling ■ Provide rapid HIV diagnosing tests and subsequent counselling ■ Quality assurance by regular feedback meetings ■ Promotion of VCT services through peer educators/outreach workers ■ Networking with other NGOs (i.e. AAS & SMC, Nishkriti) ■ Refer drug users and SBP ■ Refer SBP for income generating activities ■ Conduct monthly meetings ■ Demonstration & distribution of male condoms and lubricants ■ Social marketing of branded condoms ■ Promote knowledge for correct and consistent use of condoms ■ Strengthening Family planning (FP) Activities ■ Response to crisis management to reduce the harassment.

Major Achievement in 2013-'14:

| Activity | Achievement (2013-'14) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Sex workers reached | 3356 (Individual) |
| Clients of sex worker reached | 36315 |

| Sex workers treated for STI | 947 |
|--|--------|
| Sex workers treated for syphilis | 359 |
| Contact with sex workers | 82383 |
| Contact with clients of sex workers | 45761 |
| Sex workers tested and counseled | 377 |
| Patients referred for TB Screening | 226 |
| SWs visit for Family Planning counseling | 592 |
| Condoms Distributed | 977198 |



Theme: Economic Development









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Projects/programs under the Economic Development Theme are described as follows;

Microfinance and Micro Enterprise (MF&ME) Program

Supported by: Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) and Own Fund

Background: Microfinance and Micro Enterprise Program (MF&ME Program), is one of the core programs of YPSA, has been continuing since 1993. At present PKSF is the main source of fund, YPSA has also achieved licence from Micro Credit Regulatory Authority.

Goal: To reduce poverty and empowerment of target people specially women through capital formation and entrepreneurship development.

Specific Objectives:

- To organize poor people particularly women for creating self confidence and enthusiasm to self development through formation of group
- Capital formation through savings mobilization and providing access to financial sources
- Local resource collection and its maximum utilization
- To involve target people specially women with the Production
- To promote employment through capacity development
- To facilitate entrepreneur for establishing linkage with market

Duration: Since 1993

Working Area: Chittagong, Rangamati, Comilla and Feni District

Major Activities:

Group Formation, Benchmark Identification; Awareness Building; Savings Mobilization; Credit Need Assessment; Providing need based business and skilled training; Market Linkage; Assets creation & livelihood Improvement; Remittance

Products:

- 1) Savings Product: I) General Saving, II) Open Saving
- 2) Credit Product: I) Rural Micro Credit Loan II) Urban Micro Credit Loan, III) Micro Enterprise Program IV) Agriculture Micro credit Loan, V) Seasonal Loan VI) Income Generating Activities Loan, VII) Assets Creation Loan IX) Livelihood Improvement Loan

Micro Finance at a glance as of 30 June'14:

| Branch | Member | Borrower | Savings Balance (TK) | Loan Outstanding Portfolio (TK) | Cumulative Loan Disbursement (TK) | Cumulative Recovery Rate |
|--------|--------|----------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 17 | 22,294 | 15,148 | 105,259,552 | 303,582,285 | 2,232,067,000 | 99.47% |

Enhancing Resources and Increasing Capacities of Poor Households towards Elimination of their Poverty (ENRICH)

Supported by: Palli karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF)

Objectives:

- Attain overall development of each household as well as the whole participant community
- Ensure freedom from all `un-freedoms' and human dignity for all members of all households
- Empower the poor households so that they can pursue a pathway that would lead them towards the goal of human freedom and dignity
- Ensure access of all participants in ENRICH to all capacity enhancing activities such as education, skill training and health services; essential institutional facilities; appropriate financing for their chosen economic undertakings; necessary market and other information; appropriate technologies; and so on.

Working Area: Sayedpur Union of Sitakund Upazila under Chittagong District

Services under Enrich Program:

Provide health service through satellite clinic, health camp with the MBBS doctor, consultant doctor; NID & EPI Service; Education for reducing drop out children; Provide physiotherapy, facilitate the PWD's to develop self help organization; Savings and Loan Program; Production of *Bondhu* Stove and marketing; Solar Lamp marketing; *Basak* Leaf production and marketing; Motivational program to use Guti Urea, Control the insecticide without pesticide, Vermi composed production for the farmer; Distribute the vegetable seeds homestead gardening; Bagger rehabilitation program; Special Savings Program; Facilitate youth development and engagement in the job; Infrastructural development and facilitate to install like Culvert, tube well, latrine with the support of community; Establish the Enrich ward centre.

Major Achievements of Enrich Program

No of Health Camp organized : 9
No of Satellite Clinic been conducted : 147
No of service provided from Static Clinic : 600
No of Non Formal School been operated : 45
Facilitate to produce medicinal plant : 25,031
Bondhu Stove Establishment : 614

Special Credit Programs under ENRICH and Achievements as of 30 June 14

| Name of Credit Component | Member | Borrower | Savings Balance | Loan Outstanding (TK) | Cumulative Loan Disbursement (TK) |
|--|--------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Income Generating Activities Loan (IGAL) | 220 | 123 | 961,200 | 1,214,770 | 35,855,000 |
| Livelihood Improvement Loan (LIL) | 242 | 242 | 0 | 1,987,000 | 2,725,000 |
| Asset Creation Loan (ACL) | 157 | 157 | 0 | 2,440,000 | 3,340,000 |

Women Empowerment through Entrepreneurship Development

Donor: Bangladesh NGO's Foundation (BNF)

Background: Develop women as an entrepreneurship is the precondition for women empowerment. To develop as a successful entrepreneurs in the Banskhali Upazila, YPSA provided different types of training to the 412 women. YPSA has plan to develop more 100 women as entrepreneurs for their survival in the competitive market.

Objectives:

 Entrepreneurship Development among the women through increasing their Skills in Banskhali Upazilla of Chittagong District

• Ensure linkage support to women with the market

Duration: May 2008 to December 2014

Working area: Banshkhali Upazila of Chittagong District

Target Population Covered: 412

Major Activities:

1. Entrepreneurs Development and Business Management Training (EDBM)

2. Cutting and Tailoring Training

3. Sewing Machine Distribution

Major Achievement:

| Achievement (2013-'14) | Cumulative Achievement From the Beginning |
|---|--|
| Cutting and Tailoring Training -1 Batches (15 Advanced Women Entrepreneurs) | Cutting and Tailoring Training -1 Batches (22 Advanced Women Entrepreneurs) |
| Sewing Machine Distribution – 15 Advanced Women Entrepreneurs | Sewing Machine Distribution – 22 Advanced Women Entrepreneurs |

YPSA-BSRM Khet Khamar Project

Donor: BSRM Foundation

Background: People of surrounding forest area of Mirsharai are poor and landless; they maintain their livelihood by collecting forest product like bamboo, fuel wood and some other minor forest products. Their dependency on forest causes over exploitation and forest lost its biodiversity day by day. Due to lack of capital most of the forest dependent people could not involved with any alternative activities to maintain their daily life and improve their livelihood. It has been proved that capital of alternative income generating activities for forest dependent people through revolving loan fund approach is an effective strategy for livelihood improvement and poverty reduction among the forest dependent people. With the experiences it has found that though those groups have received support from YPSA but this support are not enough. In this situation YPSA and BSRM jointly planned a project namely "YPSA-BSRM Khet Khamar Project" to overcome the limitation through providing loan support to 2 groups for doing agricultural activities like Nursery, vegetable cultivation, gardening, crop cultivation, cattle rearing and fishery etc. Besides that the project provided capacity support to those groups for maintaining the loan properly and do their agricultural activities successfully.

Goal: Establish a sustainable livelihood of the landless forest dependent people in Mirsharai.

Specific Objective:

- To promote sustainable institutional development of the landless forest dependent people.
- To encourage the community groups to scale up their agriculture based income generation activities through Revolving Fund (RLF).

• To build awareness and develop capacity on agriculture based livelihood development...

Duration: September 2013 to August 2014

Working Area: Mirsharai, Chittagong

Target Population Covered: 300 (direct and indirect)

Major Achievement: (2013-'14)

- Established two group with 50 landless forest dependent members for sustainable livelihood
- Groups member been capacitated on savings mobilization, loan disbursement, IGA, RLF management issues and forest conservation etc.
- Group members have been able to scale up their agriculture based income generation activities through AIGA & livestock training.
- Participants learnt about modern vegetable cultivation technology, pest control measure, fertilizer application, identification and source of good quality seed, water management and harvesting procedure etc. from the training.
- Raised general awareness of stakeholders like forest department authority, business authority, member, teacher, imam, village leading person.
- Different stakeholders are responding positively and also they are making linkage to the forest dependent people.
- Average income of 50 members of two groups raised and reduced the dependency on forest.



Theme: Human Rights









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Projects/programs under the Human Rights Theme are described as follows;

Promoting Smoke Free Local Government and Public spaces in Bangladesh

Donor: Campaign for Tobacco Free Kids (CFTFK) and Bloomberg Initiatives (BI)

Background: YPSA has been implementing the project of "Promoting smoke Free local Government and Public Spaces in Chittagong Division" since April 2009 with the aim to promote smoke free local government and public spaces within Chittagong Division, by advocating for smoke free policies and effective tobacco control practices at City Corporation and Municipal level as a preventive and regulatory mechanism in compliance with National Smoking and Tobacco control Act. The first BI funded Smoke free program in Bangladesh started through YPSA in 2009, emerging as a good practice with a process of Coalition Building, Work with local government and Smoke free guideline for local government. The project is implementing in 11 districts of Chittagong Division with 2 City Corporation and 9 Municipalities.

Goal: To uphold the principles of FCTC in the policy process and institutionalize the best practices of local government to establish 100% smoke free environment across the country.

Specific Objective:

- To contribute to the process of TC law amendment and Rules formulation for facilitating FCTC compliant Smoke Free principles
- To advocate for institutionalization of Smoke Free guidelines of local government through relevant government authority and national associations
- To develop capacity of other NGOs for effective replication of SF guideline implementation
- To further strengthen the smoke free coalitions for ensuring sustainability of Smoke Free movement in the Chittagong Division

Duration: April 2009 to April 2015

Working Area: Chittagong, Comilla, Cox's Bazar, Feni, Noakhali, Laksmipur, Brahman Baria, Chandpur, Bandarban, Khagrachari and Rangamati District.

Population Coverage: 29,440 (Direct) 6,700,000 (Indirect)

Major Achievements:

- As a result of continued advocacy by YPSA and Smoke Free coalition, a total of 31 lacs 20 thousand taka allocated by 10 local governments in Chittagong Division for implementation of Smoke Free Guideline and Tobacco control law in their annual budget of the fiscal year 2014-2015.
- All the DCs office of Chittagong division are very much active on the smoke free issue for activating mobile court and anti-tobacco taskforce meetings and initiatives.
- YPSA organized events to observe the world no tobacco day 2014 in 11 districts of Chittagong division.
- Different Municipalities has placed no smoking messages in the rickshaw license plate.
- Women leaders who are working in 11 districts of Chittagong division have involved with Tobacco control initiatives as a members of TABINAJ and good working relation has developed with them.
- A good relation has developed with Bangladesh Restaurant Owners Association (BROA) in Chittagong and Cox's Bazar and BROA also declared that all restaurant will be smoke free in both the districts.
- Mobile courts have operated in Cox's Bazar, Feni, Chandpur, Comilla and Chittagong. The court removed tobacco advertisement from point of sell and gave penalties for smoking at public places.
- Smoke Free guideline is replicating by other BI grantees across the country

Next Year Plan:

| Activities | Plan |
|--|----------------|
| OBJECTIVE 2:To advocate for institutionalization of Smoke Free guidelines of local | |
| government through relevant government authority and national associations | |
| Organizing Roundtable jointly with MAB and the media to demand countrywide replication of | |
| smoke free guideline | 1 meeting |
| Advocacy meeting with MOLGRD&C for adoption of required policy on replication of SF | |
| guideline | 1 meeting |
| Following up with MOLGRD&C for adoption of required policy on replication of SF guideline | 12 months |
| OBJECTIVE: 4. To further strengthen the smoke free coalitions for ensuring sustainability of | |
| Smoke Free movement in the Chittagong Division | |
| Lobbying through the coalitions with relevant departments of local government for effective | |
| implementation of SF guideline | 6 months |
| Conducting joint meeting with coalition to influence local government authorities for budget | |
| allocation for implementation of SF guideline | 1 meeting |
| Following up with local government through the coalition to ensure effective implementation | |
| of guideline | 5 months |
| Conducting jointly with coalitions divisional consultations with government | |
| departments/officials for ensuring smoke free environment in Public Places and Transports | 1 consultation |
| Meeting with different stakeholders like taskforce, associations, public place authorities, | |
| restaurant, education, health etc | 3 meeting |
| Organize cultural campaign like theatre, folk media etc for raising awareness on smoke free | |
| issue | 22 events |
| Publish Smoke Free journals to share best practices on smoke free policy implementation in | |
| Bangladesh | 1 |

Safer Life of Girl Domestic Workers Project ((YPSA-SLGDW)

Donor: SHAPLA NEER (JAPAN)

Background: The Girls works in a household full time & part time basis with poor monthly payment, recruited through verbal agreement. They help employers in all kind of domestic works. Girl domestic service is a widespread practice in Bangladesh. Although girls are employed as domestic worker throughout the country, they are overwhelming in concentrated in the cities. Employers in the urban areas usually recruit girls from their village homes through family, friends or middlemen. Most of the girl domestic workers come from the most vulnerable families of rural area.

Every year there is a good number of families migrating from rural area to Chittagong City Corporation (CCC) because of river erosion, higher education, job opportunities. Large and mid size industries encouraging it, which leads to increase the population in the urban area most of the migrated people are stay and live in the slum especially low income group of people. Due to low income and poverty a substantial number of people are living in the slum areas. The girls migrated to urban area with poor economic condition, lack of skills and lower educational background easily compels them to be Girl Domestic Workers (GDW's).

Goal: The number of girl domestic workers will be reduced

Project Purpose: To reduce the number of GDWs below 12 years old working in 2 catchments area of Bakalia and Mehedibag of Chittagong.

Duration: June 2012-May 2015

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Working Area: 2 wards of Chittagong City Corporation Area (Mehedibagh, Bakalia),

Major Achievements:

| Major Activities | Achievement (2 013 - '14) | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Output 1: To increase the level of confidence of GDWs | | |
| 1.1 YPSA running 2 centres (existing 2) in the urban area for GDWs. | Continuing | Continuing |
| 1.2 YPSA staffs visit employer's and guardians home for enrolling GDW in centre. | 1059 | 2518 |
| 1.3 YPSA Provide Basic Education (Bangla, English, Math), Life Skills Education (LSE) | 462 session conducted | 964 session conducted |
| 1.4 YPSA take session on drawing, story-telling, messages delivering trough digital talking book and play music | 270 session conducted | 535 session conducted |
| 1.5 YPSA arrange graduation exam for GDWs. | 4 Exam Conducted | 10 Exam Conducted |
| 1.6 YPSA provide skill based training for all enrolled GDWs on house hold work, cooking, ironing, hand stitching, packet making, sewing and ECD according to module. | 395 Session Conducted | 754 Session Conducted |
| 1.7 YPSA arrange GDWs experience sharing session on their own life. | 10 session held | 21 session held |
| 1.8 YPSA arrange recreational events (sports and cultural competition) for GDWs (Total 3 events one in each year) | 1 | 2 |
| Output 2 : Part time GDWs' parents enroll/admit their daughter to mainstrea NGO school) | ım schools (govt. p | rimary school and |
| 2.1 YPSA Identify primary and NGO schools around in urban centre and slum. | 9 Schools identified | 9 Schools identified |
| 2.2 YPSA prepares age (8 - 11 yrs) wise GDW's list enrolled in ANANDALOK | 60 GDW's list | 122 GDW's list |
| centre. 2.3 YPSA arrange meeting with SMC (School Management Committee) members and teachers enroll / admit ANANDALOK module completion children. | developed 2 | developed 4 |
| 2.4 YPSA share age wise enrolled GDWs list with Identified SMC and teachers. | 60 GDW's list Shared | 122 GDW's list Shared |
| 2.5 YPSA admits ANANDALOK module completion children (age 8 - 11) to primary or NGO school and keep follow up. | 19 GDW enrolled | 24 GDW enrolled |
| 2.6 YPSA arranges quarterly awareness rising meeting on importance of child education, HO and CRC with parents/guardians. | 8 | 8 |
| Output 3: To make aware the employers towards the responsibilities of GDV | Vs | |
| 3.1 YPSA arrange quarterly meeting with employers on awareness raising on GDW issue (CRC and HO) | 8 | 8 |

Promoting Basic Services to Survivors in Trafficking through Integrated Approach (YPSA-ACT Program)

Donor: USAID & Winrock International

Background: Human Trafficking is a form of modern slavery as well as horrific Crime. It's a global issue that affects hundreds of thousands of people every year. As per TIP report 2014 Bangladesh is a source and transit country for men, women, and children subjected to trafficking in persons. In Bangladesh Human trafficking takes several forms and has many faces. Trafficking violates the human rights of its victims, damages lives, feeds corruption, exacts an economic toll on governments and taxpayers, and harms society at all levels. Cox's Bazar & Chittagong are the vulnerable districts for human trafficking. In recent years, there has been a significant increase in human trafficking in Bangladesh especially labor Trafficking. Responding to human trafficking is an issue of human rights under the Palermo Convention, YPSA has been implementing ACT program from 2009 with the support of USAID & Winrock International at Cox's Bazar, Chittagong and Feni District under Chittagong Division.

Goal: To enhance and standardize protection and care for survivors of human trafficking

Specific Objective:

- Develop and implement standards for care and support for survivors of human trafficking
- Improve livelihoods options through vocational and other skills training
- Successful reintegration of survivors through an integrated community approach

Project Duration: October 2009 to June 2014

Working Area: Cox's Bazar, Chittagong and Feni District

Target Coverage: 1813 people

Major Achievement:

| Achievement (13-'14) | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning |
|--|---|
| Total 242 Survivors has identified and enrolled with | Total 875 Survivors has identified and enrolled with the |
| the ACT program | ACT program |
| Running a shelter home for Survivors at Cox's Bazar | From March 10 to June 14 total 415 survivors received |
| & Transit Home at Chittagong city Area. Total 255 | basic care and support from the shelter home |
| survivors received basic care and support from the | |
| both shelter home | |
| Total 242 Case Management Plan has completed | Total 875 Case Management Plan has completed for |
| for survivor reintegration | survivor reintegration |
| Total 242 survivors Information Data bank has | Total 875 survivors Information Data bank has created. |
| created. | |
| Total 168 survivors received Mental Health | Total 582 survivors received Mental Health Counseling |
| Counseling support | support |
| Arrange awareness session on different relevant | So far session conducted on 15 issues |
| issues for the survivors is going on | |
| Total 131 survivors received Health support | Total 383 survivors received Health support |
| Total Organize 7 life Skills Training arrange in | Total Organize 16 life Skills Training arrange in shelter and |
| shelter and Transit home and total 106 survivors | out of Shelter and total 227 survivors has participated in |
| has participated in these training | these training |

| Total 42 aumilius va has va saissad the Mar. farrand | Total 104 aum in one has reasined the Formed C. North |
|---|--|
| Total 43 survivors has received the Non –formal | Total 104 survivors has received the Formal & Non- |
| education support & 10 Survivors received formal | education support |
| education support | |
| Total 9 Meeting organized and 201 participants | Total 32 Meeting organized and 924 participants were |
| were present in the & reintegration meeting. | present in the meeting. |
| Total 1 Critical Engagement Meeting organized and | Total 4 Meeting organized and 28 present as participants |
| 28 present as participants | |
| Total 14 Survivors has placed in a Job and 5 | Total 52 Survivors has received Job placement and |
| survivors received internship training. | internship training. |
| Total 55 survivors has received different vocational | Total 184 survivors has received different vocational & |
| training. | Entrepreneurship training. |
| training. | Entropromodiship training. |
| Total 39 survivors received seed support and | Total 116 survivors received seed support and business |
| business setup support | setup support |
| T + 1470 | T + 147 0 |
| Total 17 Case running & Survivors are receiving | Total 17 Case running and Survivors are receiving Legal |
| Legal support from ACT program | support from ACT program |
| Total 2 Survivors has received the BMET support | Total 3 Survivors has received Legal support from BMET. |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Total 2 survivors has received 48000/= taka from |
| | Recruiting agency as a compensation |
| 2 survivors Convention was held at Dhaka, Total 35 | Total 3 survivors Convention was held at Dhaka. Total 55 |
| | |
| survivors has participated at the Convention from | survivors has participated at the Convention from Cox's |
| Cox's Bazar & Chittagong area. | Bazar & Chittagong area. |
| 4 Human Rights training organized for the survivors | Total 7 Human Rights Training organized and 4 Human |
| & Total 56 survivors has participated in the Training | Rights training organized for the survivors & Total 56 |
| | survivors has participated in the Training. |
| | 6 |

Future Plan: 2nd Phase of YPSA-ACT Program wills start very soon.

Development Initiative for Social Change (DISC)

Donor: Action aid Bangladesh

Background: With the assistance of Action Aid Bangladesh, YPSA conducted a house hold survey (1998), which depicts that around 17.72 % person with disabilities lives in the *Sitakund*. From 1999 YPSA started to operate different community based development programs. In that time it is observed that People with disabilities are deprived in the society and they did not claim their rights. Having more findings and community needs from 2001 thematically the issue of disability had been identified and DISC Program started it journey. As *Sitakund Upazila* is a place with people with higher rate disability, it was decided to include this vulnerable segment of people with all development initiatives.

Goal: Ensuring a Barrier free & Rights-based Society for the poor and Person with Disabilities

Specific Objectives:

- To ensure Social Rehabilitation of Person with Disabilities (PWDs).
- To organize poor people (with PWDs) to enhance their empowerment.
- Strengthening Civil Society to enlarge the constituency in favor of poor people.
- To improve transparency, accountability & responsiveness of the local government with increased capacity among the public representatives especially UP female members in favor of PWDs.

Duration: January 2001 to December 2014

Working Area: Sitakund, Chittagong.

Target Coverage: 2,232 People including PWDs, Children

Major Achievements:

| Major Activities | Achievement '13-'14 | | Cumulative Achievement | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|
| 1.Right to Work (Employment) | # Of Event | Total Participants | from the beginning | |
| | | | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| IGA Training for Person with disabilities | 03 | 42 | 14 | 385 |
| Support to Person with disabilities for small Entrepreneurship business. | 02 | 68 | 00 260 | |
| Computer Training for Young Person with disabilities from YPSA ICT centre | 00 | 04 | 00 | 32 |
| Advocacy meeting & Workshop/Orientation with Union Parishad to involved the person with disabilities in UP Steering committee. | 02 | 48 | Local Government representative and Government officers are all most same every year meeting and workshop. | |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative the beginning | Achievement from |
|--|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| 2. Right to Education | # Of | Total | | | | |
| | Event | Participants | # Of Event | Total Participants | | |
| Continuous Education scholarship | 01 | 17 | 00 | 165 student | | |
| Support to admission in the school for students with | | 09 | | 140 children with | | |
| disabilities. | | | | disabilities | | |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 3. Rights to organize & Freedom | # Of Event | Total Participants | " 05.5 | I = |
| | | | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| Organized and Support to Self-Help Org. of Person with disabilities & regular activities | 40 | 720 | 40 | 720 |
| To Formulate a rights based organization by the women with disability | 04 | 80 | 05 | 135 |
| Advocacy, Leadership and Human rights Training for self-half org. | 03 | 71 | 7 | 400 |
| Organize an upazilla convention & formulate Upazilla Committee by the all Self-org members. | 01 | 900 | 03 | All participants are Self- help- org members who are participate every year. |
| To observe National and International Disability day, the World Day. | 02 | 550 | | Every Year Organized |

| Girls Club Initiative | 02 | 120 | 2 | 120 |
|-----------------------|----|-----|---|-----|
| | | | | |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|---|--------------------|
| 4. Rights to Health service | # Of | Total | | |
| | Event | Participants | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| Providing Primary Rehabilitation Therapy(PRT) for Person with disabilities in Center (Average in a month) | 00 | 22 | 00 | 225 |
| Providing Primary Rehabilitation Therapy(PRT) for Person with disabilities in field ((Average in a month) | 00 | 12 | 00 | 175 |
| Support to Person with disabilities & poor people's for treatment & Surgical operation | 00 | 08 | 00 | 125 |
| Principle Care Giver Training | 02 | 37 | 04 | 75 |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|---|--------------------|
| 5. Rights to participate | # Of | Total | | |
| sports & cultural activities and Media | Event | Participants | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| Organize sports & cultural competition for the Person with Disable in upazilla level & encourage them to participant in district & national level. | 02 | 240 | 8 | 960 |
| Support to the local Youth Club on different cultural activities & sports competition. | | | 04 | 200 |
| Develop community Radio Program | | | 04 | 00 |

| Major Activities | Achieve | ement 13-14 | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 6. Children Space | # Of Event | Total Participants | # Of Event Total Participants | |
| a) Shishu Mela / Child space | 06 | 640 | (All children are participate every year) | |
| Child space Pre-schooling | 06 | 150 | 06 600 | |
| b) Guardian Meeting at child space. | 24 | 1200 | All children participate every year | |
| Observe child rights week | 01 | 300 | every year DISC program Observe child rights week | |
| Educational materials for sponsor children | 00 | 640 | Every year DISC provide Educational materials for sponsor child | |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---|--------------------|
| 7. Sponsor ship | # Of | Total | the beginning | |
| | Event | Participants | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| Total sponsor child | 00 | 475 | | Every times same |
| | | | | person |
| Dropout sponsor child | 00 | 22 | | 207 |
| Sponsorship related orientation | 04 | 75 | | |

| Educational Support to Sponsor children | 00 | 475 | | Every | year |
|---|----|-----|----|--------------|------|
| | | | | provided | |
| | | | | Educational | |
| | | | | materials to | 475 |
| | | | | sponsored | |
| | | | | children | |
| Community Journalist Group Meeting | 10 | 150 | 10 | 150 | |

| Major Activities | Achievement 13-14 | | Cumulative Achievement from the beginning | |
|------------------|-------------------|--------------|---|--------------------|
| 8. Jonokendra | # Of | Total | | |
| | Event | Participants | # Of Event | Total Participants |
| # of Jonokendra | 02 | 200 | 02 | 200 |



Theme: Education



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Unique intervention for quality primary Education Project (UNIQUE-II)

Donor: European Union through Dhaka Ahsania Mission (DAM)

Background: Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education-UNIQUE II is a 6-years long project started its activities in December 2011. The project is being implemented with financial support of the European Union. The major objective of the project is to impart quality education to out-of-school and drop-out children particularly from the disadvantaged group through the opening of complete multigrade classes. It also intends to provide remedial services to the slow learners of targeted government and registered primary schools. UNIQUE-II aims at promoting, facilitating and managing greater community involvement and allowing the local community to participate at all stages of the project cycle. The project works for creating sufficient ownership of the local people with the aim of making more resilient and vibrant communities.

Overall Objective: To contribute to develop a collaborative basic education system that enables primary school aged children to avail quality education

Specific Objectives:

- To provide primary and pre-primary education to disadvantaged children from the targeted geographically susceptible upazilas
- To develop institutional collaboration and horizontal learning mechanism between formal and non-formal primary education providers
- To document and disseminate effective practices and lessons
- Effectiveness of non-formal primary education programmers increased in targeted districts through reaching the out-of-school children and catering for their learning needs
- Children's performance improved in formal schools of targeted upazilas

Duration: December 2011 to November 2017

Working Area: Rangamati and Khagrachari Hill District

Target Coverage: 11,071 people [4,322 (direct) 6,749 (indirect)]

Major Activities of six years project:

Teachers Refreshes; Organization of CLC for NFPE; Community based pre primary education; Replication of MGTL Approach; Organization LRC; Organization learning camp for slow learners; School improvement programs; Collaboration between formal and bon formal PG; Promoting role of LGI; Development of contextualize learning materials; Family Life Education-FLE; Parental linkage with livelihood opportunities; Disaster risk reduction; Promoting mother language for early learning; Horizontal learning

| Activity | Achievement ('13-14) | Cumulative Achievement |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Teachers Refreshes | 36 | 72 |
| Formation of CLC for NFPE | 135 | 223 |
| Total enrolment of Children in CLC | 00 | 2320 |
| Formation of LRC | 05 | 11 |
| Organization learning camp for slow learners | 24 | 36 |

Mainstreaming the children of street base sex workers (CSBSW) through integrated education Program

Donor: HSBC Future First and HSBC Bangladesh

Background: Since January 2013 YPSA has been implementing this project with the support of HSBC aiming to create a windows for CSBSW to exercise their basic human rights, increase self esteem and equal opportunity in the society. YPSA already has completed the 1st phase of the project on December 2013 and has started 2nd phase from March 2014.

Goal: To create windows for CSBSW to exercise basic human rights, increase self esteem and equal opportunities from the society& state.

Major Objectives:

- To provide basic education to the CSBSW for building their self confidence
- To provide job oriented skills and capacity through vocational training courses

Duration: January 2013 to March 2015

Working Area: Chittagong and Comilla City Corporation (at present in Chittagong only)

Target coverage: 200 Children

Major Accomplishment:

- Basic education with children at centre: 30 children enrolled in the centre. They have been participating in education session, entertainment session and cultural session and indoor and outdoor games, like, karam, lodo, drawing etc.
- **Motivational meeting with guardian:** Motivational meeting with guardian conducted for motivation and sending the children to the center.
- Vocational training: 20 adult (Second Batch) aged of 14 24 have been selected for vocational training, whom are compelled to take risky jobs, unfair means to earn to live. YPSA arranged for them tailoring course for group-2 learners as vocational training.
- **General health check up:** YPSA arranged general health check up session in the centers and provided treatment on fever, cough, eye, ENT problems and regular treatment with antibiotics and minor accidents.
- Counseling: Regular counseling is going on for retention of children of street base sex workers in the center.

Ever Green International School (EIS)

Donor: YPSA own fund

Goal: To provide quality education to the community at grassroots level

Objectives:

- To provide the quality child care facilities.
- To provide the best developmental tools for the growth of children.
- To facilities children to develop relationship skills.
- To provide an atmosphere where children feel happy and develop themselves emotionally.
- To facilitate parental access to an institution of higher education.

Date of Establishment: 1999

Location: College Road, Sitakund-4310, Chittagong.

Present status of student enrollment:

| Class | Total Student | Boys | Girls |
|---------|---------------|------|-------|
| Play | 27 | 19 | 08 |
| Nursery | 38 | 18 | 20 |
| One | 46 | 27 | 19 |
| Two | 28 | 17 | 11 |
| Three | 16 | 08 | 08 |
| Four | 15 | 09 | 06 |
| Five | 03 | 00 | 03 |
| Total | 173 | 98 | 75 |

Future plans:

- Establish own school building and play ground at own land.
- Develop regular scholarship fund for students from disadvantaged families.
- Establish ICT and Internet Centre for the students and parents.

1. Kazi Para Sheshu Nekatan, 2. Alekdeya Sheshu Niketan and 3. Tripura Para non-formal school

Donor: YPSA own fund (at present)

Goal: To provide quality education and proper psychological development through Recreational education.

Objectives:

- To ensure the child protection policy through the recreational education
- To ensuring quality education for the children with disabilities, indigenous child and hard poor children.
- To encouraging the indigenous children and their family for mainstream education.

Location: Kumura , Sitakund, Chittagong

Coverage and Achievement:

| | Kazipara Shishu Niketon | | Alekdiya Shishu Niketon | | Kumira Tripurapara Non - Formal School | |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| Class | Student was 2013 | Promotion to 2014 | Student was 2013 | Promotion to 2014 | Student was 2013 | Promotion to 2014 |
| Nursery | 78 | 66 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 13 |
| One | 58 | 53 | 21 | 18 | 18 | 13 |
| Two | 57 | 52 | 33 | 30 | 03 | 02 |
| Three | 53 | 46 | 24 | 20 | Total-41 | Total-28 |
| Four | 60 | 55 | 20 | 16 | | |
| Five | 42 | 39 | 20 | 18 | | |
| Total | 348 | 311 | 138 | 120 | | |

Theme: DRR and Emergency Management

Title of the Program:

Community Managed Disaster Risk Reduction (CMDRR) Program

Donor: ECHO through AAB, Handicap International Bangladesh, Concern Universal and YPSA Own Fund

Goal: Reduce the vulnerability of people living in areas highly prone to natural disasters

Objective: Strengthen local communities and institutions (volunteer groups, disaster management committees) to prepare for and respond to natural and manmade disasters.

Duration: Since 2011

Location: Chittagong District

Major Accomplishment:

- Participatory vulnerability assessments conducted
- Equipment support provided to 180 Volunteer
- Simulation exercised in the school, garment and hospital
- Facilitated to develop contingency planning guideline for school and garment factory
- Community-based disaster risk reduction plans developed and been implemented
- Provided Mass casualties training for doctors and nurses.
- Emergency responded to fire and land slide in Chittagong
- Resilient livelihoods strengthened through capacity development
- Regular Coordination meeting with GO, NGO, Volunteers and other relevant stakeholders











Theme: Environment and Biodiversity







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Bangladesh Housing, Land and Property (HLP) Rights Initiative for Climate Displaced Persons

Donor: Displacement Solutions

Background: Bangladesh is one of the most climate vulnerable countries in the world and is set to become even more so as a result of climate change. Natural hazards across the country are already leading to the forced displacement of millions of Bangladeshis and this number is set to multiply as the effects of climate change increase the severity and frequency of these natural hazards. Many of these individuals have lost their houses and lands to climatic hazards and have no ability nor received any support or assistance to access new homes or new lands. At present, there is no comprehensive Government plan or policy to ensure the housing, land and property rights of climate displaced persons in Bangladesh.

With a view to adopting a right-based approach emphasizing the human rights, in particular, housing, land and

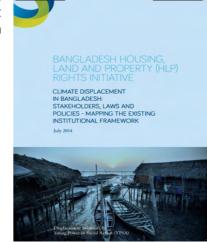
property rights for the people of Bangladesh especially for the victims who are displaced due to climate change; YPSA with the support of Displacement Solutions has been implementing an outstanding project named "Bangladesh Housing Land Properties (HLP) Rights Initiative" in Bangladesh.

Goals and Objective: To identify rights-based solutions and actions that could be undertaken to resolve the displacement of climate-affected communities as well as to ensure and safeguard their housing, land and property rights.

Duration: April 2012 to August 2014

Working area: Entire Bangladesh focusing on Chittagong

Target population: 57,060



| Activity | Achievement (13-14) |
|--|---|
| Coastal Kids Project Art and debate competition on Climate Change issues | 8 Schools participated in Coastal Kids Debate Competition, 1 school for Coastal Kids Art Competition Coastal Kids debate and art competition on climate change and climate displacement completed and accordingly awarded to winner |
| 2.Advocacy, lobbying and coalition development on climate displacement in Bangladesh through enhanced legal support for YPSA | Developed and printed 3000 booklets of five key action (IEC Materials) Organized 10 Meetings with climate affected |
| 2.1 Development and printing of 5 points advocacy plan (IEC Materials) | communities and local civil society organizations |
| 2.2 Meetings with climate affected communities and local civil society organizations | 2.3 Three Meeting with several MPs from climate- affected communities across Bangladesh |

| 2.3 | Meeting with MPs from climate-affected communities | completed |
|------------|--|--|
| | across Bangladesh | 2.4 One meeting arranged with legal groups and |
| 2.4 | Meeting with legal groups and lawyers associations in | lawyers associations in Bangladesh to raise |
| | Bangladesh to raise awareness of climate displacement | awareness of climate displacement |
| 2.5 | Comprehensive training in a 2-day workshop on | 2.5 Completed one Comprehensive training in a 2- |
| | international legal issues related to climate displacement | day workshop on international legal issues |
| | in Bangladesh (to be conducted by DS) | related to climate displacement in Bangladesh |
| 2.6 | Meeting with Media personnel | 2.6 One Meeting with Media personnel held |
| | Prepare and Publish mapping study report of 'Climate | 2.7 Published mapping study report of 'Climate |
| | Displacement in Bangladesh: Stakeholders, Laws and | Displacement in Bangladesh: Stakeholders, |
| | Policies - Mapping the Existing Institutional Framework' | Laws and Policies - Mapping the Existing |
| | 11 3 3 | Institutional Framework' |
| 3. | Mapping study on actors and institutions of the | |
| | Government of Bangladesh relevant to climate | |
| | displacement | |
| 3.1 | Workshop with NGOs/Civil Societies, Academicians and | 3.1 Arranged two workshops with NGOs/Civil |
| | Govt./local govt. officials | Societies, Academicians and Govt./local govt. |
| 3.2 | Key Informant Interview and FGD with relevant | officials |
| | stakeholders | 3.2 Conducted Key Informant Interview and FGD |
| 3.3 | Publication of mapping study 'Climate Displacement in | with relevant stakeholders |
| | Bangladesh: Stakeholders, Laws and Policies - Mapping | 3.3 Mapping Study report published |
| | the Existing Institutional Framework' | |
| 4. | Translation, publication and distribution of "Climate | |
| | Displacement in Bangladesh" Report | |
| 4.1 | Professional translation of the "Climate Displacement in | 4.1 Translation of the "Climate Displacement in |
| | Bangladesh" report from English into Bangla. | Bangladesh" report from English into Bengali |
| 4.2 | Printing and distribution of Bengali version of the report | has been done. |
| | | 4.2 Printed 1000 copies of Bengali version of the |
| | | report and already distributed the more than |
| | | 500 copies |
| 5. | Enhancing the work of legal groups on the rights of | |
| | climate displaced persons | Ed Marilla and Land Land |
| 5.1 | Regular meeting for formation of climate displaced | 5.1 Meeting regular conducted for lawyers groups |
| ^ | lawyers group/ forum of Chittagong Bar Association. | formation and continuous function |
| 5.2 | Lawyers Initiative for Displacement Solutions formed | 5.2 Convener Committee of the lawyers Initiative |
| | and starting activities | for Displacement Solutions formed and starting the |
| 5.3 | Professional translation and publication of the | activities |
| | "Peninsula Principles on Climate Displacement Within | 5.3 Translated and published the "Peninsula |
| 1 | States" | Principles on Climate Displacement Within States" |
| | | |
| 6 . | Land Acquisition for Climate Displaced Persons | 6.1 Draft Guidance note on Government khas |
| - | Land Acquisition for Climate Displaced Persons Guidance note on Government khas land/ Char | 6.1 Draft Guidance note on Government khas land/ Char Development and Settlement Program |
| - | Land Acquisition for Climate Displaced Persons | 6.1 Draft Guidance note on Government khas |

Next Plan:

- Coordination and Management including the Coastal Kids Programme
- Land Identification and Advocacy;
- International Campaigning and Advocacy;
- Domestic Advocacy ,Climate Negotiations, Capacity Building and Media Outreach; Model resettlement site development and Action research

Climate Change Adaptation by Ensuring Water and Sanitation Facilities in Cyclone Shelter (YPSA-EDM project)

Donor: Every Drop Matters (COCA COLA) through UNDP

Background: According the quick assessment conducted in 5, 18, 39, 40 and 41 no wards of Chittagong City Corporation it found that 80% cyclone shelter lack safe water, 60% latrines are useless, 60% are vulnerable in climate change events. As a result of it incidence of water borne diseases during and after any climate changes events are increased. Vulnerable groups including children and elderly people were most affected by this situation. Due to absence of safe water and sanitation facilities, most of the time children effected by water born diseases and they couldn't attend school regularly and the poor families compel to spent money for treatment. There has no separate toilet facilities for women or girls as a result of it they do not want to use the existing facilities and they face urinary diseases. The Project has also strengthened the capacity of school management committee and volunteers to play an active role for ensuring safe water and sanitation in the shelters through community management mechanism.

Goal: Safe water and sanitary services are provided in 12 targeted cyclone shelters in coastal belt areas of Chittagong City Corporation

Specific Objective:

- Safe water and sanitary services are provided in 12 targeted cyclone shelters in coastal belt areas of Chittagong City Corporation
- Community capacity on construction, operation and management water & sanitation facilities through inclusive and practical community based approaches are developed in 12 cyclone centers
- Community awareness in 12 cyclone centers are increased to promote responsible water resource management and sanitation hygiene practices

Duration: July 2013 to June 2014

Working Area: Chittagong City Corporation

Population Coverage: 83,400 People

- KAP Study conducted on 12 cyclone shelter cum schools
- Installed 12 safe water points and 12 six chambered sanitary latrines in selected 12 cyclone shelters
- Organized 6 orientation and workshop to strengthen school management committee
- Developed 12 community volunteers groups in each cyclone shelter as a hands of SMC
- Provided 06 training for School Management committee for planning, implementation.
- Provided training for SMC and volunteers on safe water and hygienic sanitation context
- Organized court yard sessions for community people
- Installed 12 hand washing point

Climate Resilient Participatory Afforestation & Reforestation Project (CRPARP)

Donor: World Bank through Arannayk Foundation

Background: YPSA with the support of Arannayk Foundation has been implementing the component-2 "Alternative livelihoods to support forest dependent Communities" of "Climate Resilient Participatory Afforestation and Reforestation Project" in collaboration with Forest Department. The project implementation area is 5 forest divisions including 12,105 ha plantation of 21 Upazillas (120 villages of 33 unions) under Chittagong and Cox's Bazar District.

Goal: To reduce forest degradation through participatory planning/monitoring and to contribute in building the long-term resilience of selected coastal and hilly communities to climate change.

Specific Objective:

- To reduce forest dependency among the community people through non-forest based livelihood opportunity for the communities and groups living in and around the forest/plantation areas.
- To promote sustainable institutional development of the forest dependents people through capacity building and building awareness.
- To contribute to the sustainable use, conservation and protections of forest for reducing climate change effect through the active participation of communities in the Chittagong and Cox's Bazar.

Duration: November 2013 to June 2016

Working Area: Chittagong and Cox's Bazar District

Target Population: 3,600 as direct

Major Activities:

- Village selection through using world bank village selection guideline (Collect proposed plantation list from FD, Village meeting, Gathering poverty data, Conducting Focus Group Discussions)
- Conduct PRΔ
- Verification of selected households
- Conduct HH Survey and Affirmation of HH list
- Beneficiary Selection: 3600 numbers (120 Groups in 120 Villages)
- Conduct Inter-component coordination meeting
- Preparatory work for Formation of Forest Dependent Group (FDG)
- 120 community volunteer selection, Female-80.833 % and male-19.2 %
- Capacity building: A basic orientation to Community Volunteer
- Organized forest dependent communities ODM Training.
- Assessment of vegetable seeds cultivation opportunities
- Observed world Environment Day on 5th June (rally, discussion and seedling distribution)

Major Achievements (Nov'13 to June'14):

- Completed Site Selection (120 Villages)
- 3600 HH selected through HH survey applying PRA method
- Selected 120 Community Volunteers and provided training
- Developed Organization Development Management Module for FDG
- Form 46 out of 120 Forest Dependent Group Formed
- Demand assessed for Vegetable Culture

Restoration and conservation of biodiversity in the denuded hills in Sitakund and Mirsharai upazilla, Chittagong district

Donor: Arannayk Foundation (AF)

Goal: The biodiversity (flora, fauna) of the Sitakund-Mirsharai hills is restored and conserved by the stakeholders for sustainable environmental and economic benefits of the local communities.

Objective:

- Establishment of a collaborative management system (co-management) for a sizable forested area of Sitakund and Mirsharai hills involving local communities, Forest Department (FD) and other stakeholders.
- Restoration of tree cover and biodiversity and sustainable management of the forest
- Improvement of livelihood of the poor people living in and around the forests and their access to fuel wood through alternative means
- Creation of opportunities for revenue generation from forest recreation or eco-tourism based activities benefiting local communities

Duration: June 2009 to March, 2015

Working Area: Sitakund and Mirsharai Upazila of Chittagong District

Target Population: 3,503 forest depended people

| Activities | Achievement ('13-'14) | Cumulative Achievement (2009-'14) |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Base line survey | - | 01 |
| CMC formation | - | 01 |
| Develop forest management plan | 01 | 01 |
| Forest resource extraction survey | 01 | 04 |
| Preparation of site profile | - | 01 |
| Forest Dependent Group (FDG) formation | - | 24 |
| Union Federation of FDG formation | - | 04 |
| Village Conservation Forum (VCF) formation | - | 18 |
| Peoples Forum formation | - | 01 |
| School based Eco-club formation | 05 | 13 |
| HID/ODM training of the CBOs | 01 | 05 |
| AIG/Conservation purpose training of the project participants | 02 | 26 |
| Meeting at CBOs based | 408 | 1739 |
| Meeting/orientation/workshop/demonstration at different | 12 | 38 |
| stakeholders level | | |
| Miking on forest fire control | 02 | 08 |
| Day & Cultural program | 04 | 14 |
| Set up signboard/billboard/leaflet/ brochure/ poster | - | 15 |
| Exchange visit of staffs | - | 02 |
| Input support for participants on IGA (Vegetable seeds, fruit trees, nursery, livestock, agriculture tools etc). | 566 | 4 times support among 566 persons |
| Input support on conservation purpose (Bamboo seeds, seedlings, indigenous plant, fuel species etc.) | 418 | 4 times support among 1844 |
| Grant support among FDGs | - | 24 |
| Distributed Grant amount at BDT | 1,00,000 | 7,89,060 |



Theme: Knowledge & Capacity Development









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Projects/programs under the Knowledge and Capacity Development Theme are described as follows;

Leadership Development Program

Donor: USAID through Counterpart International, Bangladesh

Background: Leadership Development Program trains and supports youth and community leaders for strengthening their ability to identify development priorities, make decisions and communicate their interests to the government. Leadership development program is committed to providing leadership trainings, tools and techniques to 567 Youth during this year. An equally strong emphasis is given to young people (aged 18-35) taking action, networking with their peers, and applying what they learn. The LDP youth leaders are young people from communities across Sitakund, Chittagong among who at least 40% are female youth leaders. The LDP program is aimed to involving its LDP community leaders with all stakeholders in identifying priority needs and facilitating participatory project planning, design and implementation.

Goal: To increase citizens' capacity and participation in community development and democratic processes. Also creates leaders at grassroots which are work for poverty reduction, employment generation, environmental conservation and social developments via advocacy.

Specific Objective:

Building the capacity of community leaders to become change agents for democratic processes and development, and increasing the capacity of youth to do the same.

Duration: November 2013 to September 2014

Working Area: Sitakund, Chittagong

Target Population: 4,534 (direct and indirect)

- Observed International Women's Day
- Organized divisional youth fair
- Organized Human Chain on Reconstruction of Coastal Dam at Banshbaria, Sitakunda, Chittagong
- Organized Human Chain on Reconstruction of Coastal Dam at Sonaichhari, Sitakunda, Chittagong
- Organized Human Chain and Discussion for Preventing on Child Marriage and Dowry System at Syedpur Union, Sitakunda, Chittagong
- Discussion and Rally for Preventing Domestic Violence against women and what will be youth role at Barodarogahat, Bariardhala, Sitakund
- Organized Rally and Human chain for Preventing Eve-teasing and Domestic Violence against women at Barabkunda, Sitakund.
- Organized Discussion and Campaign for increasing Youth Employment Opportunity at local level at Muradpur, Sitakund, Chittagong.
- Organized ward and Union Development forum
- Participated training of Department of Youth Development.
- Provided Youth Internship facility for 12 Youth leaders.

Access to Information Program (A2I): "Production of Multimedia Digital Talking Book"

Donor: A2I, Prime Minister Office

Background: YPSA was awarded by A2I of Prime Minister Office under service Innovation fund initiative for implementing "Production of Multi-media Digital Talking Book". Access to Information Program (A2I) and Young Power in Social Action (YPSA) jointly working for Digital Talking Book for initially primary school.

Project Goal: To ensure accessible study materials by DAISY full text and full audio multi-media digital talking books, Braille books and accessible e-books for the students with visual disability, print disability, learning disability and information disadvantaged of class 1 to class 5.

Objectives:

- To initiate a process of developing and producing text books in accessible format for the students of class 1 to class 5 through the use of DAISY standard.
- To ensure the availability of the multi-media text books through JATIYO E-Tothokosh in order to minimize inequality of information for the print disable, learning disable, visually impaired and information disadvantaged groups of students from class 1 to class 5.

Duration: October 2013 to April 2014

Major Achievements:

- YPSA prepared primary school text books in full text full Audio DAISY format using the funds provided by the Access to Information program, Prime Minister Office of Government of Bangladesh.
- YPSA has uploaded these text books on the National E-content repository (Jatio e-tothokosh)
 <u>www.infokosh.gov.bd/ Online</u> e book. These digital contents will be popularized to the students and the target
 group through accessible book popularization.
- Total 33 books converted in Unicode, DAISY Full text full Audio Multimedia Books and Digital Braille copies.

Empowering Youth with Disabilities through Market Driven ICT skills

Donor: Microsoft, World Bank and Sarvodaya -Fusion, SriLanka.

Background : The training oriented project was awarded by Microsoft, World Bank and Sarvodaya -Fusion, SriLanka. The training is being conducted by Young Power in Social Action (YPSA), a pioneer organization on ICT based in Chittagong, Bangladesh. YPSA has been working for the youth with disabilities for the since long with a good reputation in nationally and internationally. Due to the continuous working in ICT section, YPSA has become expert on ICT promotion for youth with disabilities.

Goal: Empowering youths with disabilities involving with the utilization/operation of market driven Information Communication Technology for creating their employment.

Objective: To achieve ICT based capacity for youths with disabilities to exercise equal employment and business opportunities from the society & state by using their ICT skills.

Duration: July 2013 to June 2014

Target Population: 40 Youth with Disabilities

Major Achievements:

- A total of 40 students from different departments is being participated in this program. All are youth with disabilities students are divided into two batches in equal number so that the students can get proper ICT training and can have sufficient time for practice.
- Before this computer training, the participants were totally unknown about computer literacy and current ICT knowledge of the world. All Trainees are now able to access MS Word, MS Excel, PowerPoint, Email writing, Internet browsing, Blog writing and other Information Communication and Technology.
- It can be said that this trainees are now thoroughly capable of operating computer and entered the information high way of the world acquiring ICT knowledge from this training. Employer's groups are aware about the rights of the youth disability and employ in ICT base jobs.

Trusted Intermediary Global Accessible Resources (TIGAR) Project

Donor: World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

Background: The TIGAR Service is an activity of the Accessible Books Consortium (ABC), which is located at WIPO's headquarters in Geneva, Switzerland. The Accessible Books Consortium is an alliance of WIPO, organizations that serve the print disabled, including the World Blind Union and the DAISY Consortium, and organizations that represent authors and publishers, including the International Authors' Forum, the International Federation of Reproduction Rights Organizations and the International Publishers Association. YPSA was awarded by WIPO for the first time in the history of Bangladesh for making the study materials, available in accessible format, for the visual impaired students studying in higher secondary level and also the books for the graduation level students through the TIGAR initiative.

Goals:

- Collection, Production and Distribution of DAISY Digital Talking Books for visually impaired students of higher education and persons with print disabilities (including low literacy) in Bangladesh.
- To reduce the gap between people with print disability and print enabled peers in case of access to information.

Objectives:

- Development of an informal network to produce and distribute DAISY materials across Bangladesh through Trusted Intermediary (TI).
- To increase the users of DAISY materials throughout Bangladesh by increasing number of publications and accessibility through wider distribution.
- Exchange Accessible Books by using TIGAR System for visually impaired and People with print disability.
- To use the TIGAR System to exchange accessible books for visually impaired and persons with print disabilities in Bangladesh and elsewhere, including overseas readers of titles in Bengali
- To expose titles produced in Bangladesh to international e-book markets.

Duration: November 2013 to June 2015

Major Activities:

- 15,000 pages of conversion in accessible formats including a minimum of 50% human narration.
- Training for YPSA Staff and volunteers on Digital Talking Book (DTB) production.
- Training on orientation on the use of DTB for users by DAISY.
- Development of VIP Database

Upload and Download books through TIGAR system.

Major Achievements:

YPSA converted 90 books around 15,000 pages study materials has been completed total 90 titles identified with the consultation of students. All of them got the permission for the production from the right holder In other hand all the 90 books are now converting in accessible format. Hence 90 title 15,000 pages now available for end user. 90 books are already completed and ready for the distribution.

YPSA LINK ORGANIZATION

Human Resource Development Centre (HRDC) Sitakund Campus

Background: The Human Resources Development Centre (HRDC) Sitakund was established in 26th November 2001 in Sitakund with a view to develop skill and technical competence of the grassroots people, organizational staff of YPSA as well as the other like-minded organizations. The center is situated just beside the Dhaka Trunk Road and at a stone's through from the Eco-Park. Training is one of the key components in the ear of developing human resource and capacity building. Training enables personnel to facilitate creative dynamics to contribute in the process of development in a more professional way.

Goal: To facilitate Human Resources Development Programs of YPSA and Similar organizations.



Specific Objectives: To build Capacity of YPSA staff, target community and other NGO professional through providing training in systematic manner.

Supported by: YPSA own initiative & Basic Bank.

Duration: Since 2001 to till date.

Major Activities: Conduct Training, Module development, Ensure training facilities, Organize workshop and Seminar.

Training Centre facilities: Training Room (30 Persons each), Training Capacity 60 Persons with residential facility, 6 VIP rooms, Disabled friendly 4 rooms, Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner, Snacks & Tea, Constant Power Supply, Overhead Projector, White board / Flannel board/Clip board, Multimedia, Generator for alternative power supply, Cultural Equipment facilities.



Human Resources Development Centre (HRDC) - Chittagong

Background: The Human Resources Development Centre is a link organization that provides an affordable method for YPSA staff and other like-minded organizations to develop their human resources. Workshops, seminars, and skills development any training can be held in the center. It offers modern training facilities that can be used by grassroots' people, and is easily accessed from Dhaka and Chittagong. The Human Resources Development centre

(HRDC) Chittagong was established 20 May 2000 as a self sustained initiative to facilitate official meetings and other events for YPSA and other partners.

Goal: To organize and facilitate Human Resources Development Program of YPSA and other like-minded organization.

Establishment: In 2000

Target Group: Organizational staff and beneficiary of YPSA as well as of other like-minded organizations staff.

Major Activities: Conduct training, Module development, Ensure training facilities, Organize Workshop and seminar.



Services: Two Training Room (AC) with capacity of 30 persons each, 60 People residential facility, 4 VIP rooms with AC. 4 VIP rooms Non-AC, Dining, Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner, Snacks & Tea, Instant Power Supply, Transport facility.

Other Facilities: Dormitory (with 50 bed), 2 guest rooms (with AC facility), Dining, Telephone, Library, Photocopy, overhead projector, whiteboard/flannel board/clip board, Audio-visual Equipments TV-VCP), Digital Camera, Video Camera, Multimedia, Laptop Computer & Internet Access, Generator for alternative power supply, Still Camera, Cultural Equipment facilities.

Cox's Bazar Youth Training Centre

Background: YPSA applied to the Grant Assistance for Grass -roots Human Security Projects (GGHSP) of Japan Embassy for construction of a Youth Training Center in Cox's Bazarand finally received award from Japan Embassy after necessary correspondence, clarifications and physically visiting the project location by the Japan Embassy.

To create employment opportunity for youth YPSA implemented the project tilted 'Construction of Youth Training Center' from March, 2012 to February, 2014 with support of Japan Embassy. In the initial stage of the project first applied for approval the project to NGO Affairs Bureau of Bangladesh Government and got official approval of project and fund clearance.

The major activities of the project were construction of civil work, sanitary work, electric work, and setting up equipment including furniture and fixtures. The major portion of the fund was provided by the Japan Embassy and YPSA contributed partly to the project. After the construction the project has plan to conduct the training program for youth as well as maintenance of the centre



on regular basis. Due to some unavoidable situation like as devastating flood in Cox'sBazar, unstable political situation and other natural calamity, YPSA was bound to seek the extension the project period and from Japan Embassy also approved the extension. It is noteworthy that YPSA completed all the planned activities within the approved timeframe except getting the electricity connection from Rural Electrification Board. YPSA already submitted the application for electricity connection and it will take some time for processing, according to the concerned official of Government.

Period of implementation: 18 March,2012 to 28 February,2014 (With extension)

Location: Paner Chara, South Mita Chari, Teknaf Road, Ramu, Cox's Bazar.

Impact on Beneficiary: As it is youth training center, youths are the direct beneficiaries. Construction of the youth training center is the remarkable step towards capacity building of youth community under Cox'sBazar district. Direct impact on the beneficiary will be visualized after starting the training session, which is supposed to be started after opening this YTC.



Prospects: The main objective to construct this center is to provide the need-based training to the youth. Accordingly there is plan to provide 1007 youth by the next one year. For this training YPSA will mobilize resources from its own sources and external as per plan shared already with Japan Embassy. In the coming year YPSA is going to initiate need based job oriented as well as trade based training in the youth training center. The participants will be selected from different upzillas of Cox'sBazar district. Then YPSA will make Job linkage for the trained youth.

Maintenance: YPSA has deployed staff to maintain Youth Training Center including conduction of training. As this training center will be utilized frequently for the different training purpose so it is obvious that YPSA will properly maintain this center including cleaning, security, repairing of all logistics if need. YPSA management will follow up the training session, maintenance of the center including its staff and share the update report with Japan Embassy.

Plan to follow up: YPSA already shared the training plan with fund inflow and outflow and staff engagement with the Japan Embassy. This plan will be implemented just after opening this center. There will be set of staff to regular look after the training activities and center management. YPSA management will also follow up all matter related to the YTC for proper utilization and quality output.

Radio Sagor Giri FM99.2

Goal:_ To set up a community radio, a radio station that practice radio broadcasting as a community service and see communication as a universal right.

Specific Objectives:

- To run a community radio station within the project location by the community participation.
- To provide training and the opportunity to broadcast to groups traditionally marginalized by mainstream media.



- To establish community radio as an important part of community development and of the community and voluntary sector.
- To enhance the capacities of local people to work together to tackle a range of social problems, including poverty and exclusion through radio.

Building awareness on early warning system and climate resilience for the coastal population using the

community radio.

Background: Community Radio is characterized by the active participation of the community in the process of creating news, information, entertainment and culturally relevant material, with an emphasis on local issues and concerns. It is a non-profit making enterprise and having skills with training, local producers can create program using local language. The community can also actively participate in the management of the station and have a say in the scheduling and content of the program. YPSA initiated Community Radio established in Sitakund, a sub-district of Chittagong. The name of this Community Radio is RADIO SAGOR GIRI, which carries the natural characteristics of



Sitakund that is surrounded by Ocean (Sagor) and Mountains (Giri).

In the National Strategy for Accelerated Poverty Reduction-2 FY 2009-11(PRS), govt. of Bangladesh emphasized on "Access to information and Awareness building at the grass root level through Community Radio". To implement this strategy, NGOs including civil society, on behalf of community, had started movement for a policy on community radio since 1998. With long process, in 2008 Govt. of Bangladesh formulate a policy on community radio for installation, broadcasting and its operation. As per policy Govt. invites application for community radio.

After following selection procedure, Ministry of Information of Government of People's Republic of Bangladesh has finally approved 14 Community Radio Initiators (where 13 are NGO) for installation, broadcasting and operation of community radio in Bangladesh first time on 22nd April 2010. To ensure free flow of information and people's right

to information government enacted Right to Information Act 2009. Community radio approval is a strong step to empower people in this regards. After having license YPSA, as an initiator, established Community Radio Station (Radio Sagor Giri FM 99.2) at the Sitakund of Chittagong.

Target Audience: A community radio is a radio for all the members of the community. Everybody is invited to participate, give his opinion, share interests and tastes and listen to the radio. However, the principal groups with difficulties like the indigenous and ethnic minorities, fisher folk community, women, farmers, person with disabilities and young people will be the main target for the community radio initiated by YPSA in Sitakund area.



Broadcasting hour: 03pm to 08pm.